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**Central Dossier**

Transfert and Reception of Speeches and Practices in the Atlantic Space: the Example of Chilean Urban Sanitary Engineering (1981-1905)

Enrique Fernandéz

Keywords: Sanitary Engineering, Santiago de Chile, Transfer, Reception

Abstract

The article proposes an analysis of the process of circulation, reception and application of speeches and practices of urban Sanitary Engineering in the Atlantic space. We analyze the interaction between an international movement -the development of sanitary engineering- and Chilean reception conditions from the beginning of the professionalization of Chilean engineers to the inauguration of the sewer works of Santiago de Chile.

An Encounter Between Two Frente Populares? Diplomatic Relations Between the Spanish Republic in War Time and the Chilean Republic (1931-1940)

Alvar De La Llosa

Keywords: Frente Popular, Chile, Spain, War of Spain, Diplomatic Relations

Abstract

This article tries to understand, from an international relations approach, the exchange of models and the possibility of a political influence of the Spanish Republican Embassy in Santiago de Chile in the building of the Chilean Frente Popular, and the reasons of its development inside the complex issue of international diplomatic relations for a country in war in search of allies. The question at hand is whether these relations were dominated by the diplomatic tradition of exchange or by a sense of ideological solidarity. The study of diplomatic documents -be they Spanish or French- clearly reveals that although diplomatic relations were a priority, nevertheless a transfer of experiences in organization as well as financial support existed. It also sheds a light on the modalities of this aid.

Chile as Cultural and Political Benchmark for Anti-Franco Spain: Identification Mechanisms, Echoes and Parallels in Triunfo Magazine (1964-1980)

Anne-Claire Sanz-Gavillon

Keywords: Chile, Spain, Allende's Goverment, Pinochet's Dictatorship, Antifranquist Press

Abstract

The purpose of this article is to reflect on how political life in Chile was treated by the iconic Spanish magazine Triunfo between 1970 and 1979. We will start by taking a look at the articles about Chile in the publication between 1964 and 1980 and analysing them in a global manner. We will then focus on the change in tone surrounding the discussion of Chile in the magazine at the time, using a reverse-chronological format. Two main periods stand out for important changes in content and focus: the three years of the Allende government (1970–1973), in terms of how they were analysed in Francoist Spain, and the years 1973–1980, in which Chile sank further into the grip of dictatorship, while, in Spain, the Francoist era drew to a close.

Intelectual Networks and Circulation of Devekopment Models: the French Technical Cooperation During the Agrarian Reform in Chile (1964-1973)

Daniela Duran

Keywords: Chilean Agrarian Reform, French Technical Cooperation, Development Models, Circulation and Networks

Abstract

This article seeks to analyse the ideological context in which a French mission of technical cooperation takes place during the period of implementation of the agrarian reform in Chile (1964-1973). It focuses, on the one hand, on the circulation of specific development models discussed on both sides of the Atlantic at the time, and on the other, on the ideological, political and historic elements that feed into the discussion, namely Social Chistianism and ThirdWorldism. The establishment of intellectual networks and ideological affinities among French and Chilean social actors enabled the arrival of the NGO IRAM (Institut de Recherches et Applications de Méthodes de Développement) to Chile.

Radiography of the Chilean Exile through the French Office for the Refugees and Stateless People Administrative Archives

Nathalie Jammet-Arias

Keywords: Chile, Exile, France, Sociology, OFPRA

Abstract

From the archives of the French Office for Refugees, this article aims to show a detailed picture of the Chilean exile in France. After reminding the international conventions that regulate the issue of asylum and refuge, in the first part a typology of the Chilean exiles will be shown. It will be analyzed how they arrived in France and how they were distributed in the country. In the second part some elements on the integration at work and family way of life will highlight the tensions and the changes that the exiles tested. It contributed to create new family configurations and a redefinition of the roles within the couples. The article will conclude with some thoughts for the future of the exiles.

**Articles**

Spatiality and Landscape in National Representations during the Chilean Popular Front, 1983-1941

Bárbara Silva

Keywords: Nation Building, Spatial Identities, National Landscapes, Chilean Popular Front

Abstract

This article explores the construction of national representations during the Chilean Popular Front, focusing on the uses of geographic and spatial references. The Popular Front was a political project opposed to the traditional ruling oligarchy, but together with that idea of novelty, which strengthened the popular notions of national identity, other elements remained, that addressed to national cohesion. National geography and landscapes were among those referents. With this perspective, the paper questions the objective character of the territory, analyzes the role that landscape can play in nation-building processes, and how communities subjectively appropriate and give social meaning to spatiality.

The Latin American Solidarity Organization (Laso) through the Information Bulletin of Its Organizing Commitee (1966-1967)

Patricia Calvo

Keywords: LASO, Revolutionary Left, Guerrilla, Information Bulletin, Propaganda

Abstract

The Latin American Solidarity Organization (LASO) was born at the end of the sixties with the objective of the liberation of the peoples of the continent and the overcoming economic, social and cultural underdevelopment, raising the armed struggle and anti-imperialism to reverse this situation. The discrepancies within the international and Latin American communism did, in the end, that the organism was disappearing, and it has been relegated to an anecdotal level in the studies on the topic. The aim is to go deeper into the role of LASO through the analysis of its information bulletin to offer a vision from inside.

**Theory and Debate**

A History of Chilean Journalists Temporalities (1973-2013)?

Antoine Faure

Keywords: Journalism, Historiography, Archaeology, Temporalities, Polity

Abstract

Based on debates about the matter of communication history, and its territories in Chilean case, we suggest implementing archaeology of journalism about its temporalities transformations. We bet that this approach helps to enrich the analysis of the relation between journalism and politics. To defend this argument, we justify the interest of developing a history of journalistic temporalities, and we report the objectives, hypothesis and methodology of an incipient research, about Chilean case (1973-2013).

**Reviews**

Marcelo Cavarozzi. Los sótanos de la democracia chilena, 1938-1964. La esfera de “protección” de los empresarios industriales: la CORFO, represión a los obreros y la inflación.

Alfonso Dingemans

Mariano Zarowsky. Los estudios en comunicación en la Argentina. Ideas, intelectuales, tradiciones políticos-culturales (19565-1985)

Adrian Pulleiro

Rafael Gaune. Escritura y Salvación. Cultura misionera jesuita en tiempos de Anganamón, siglo XVII

Mario Predes